Society of Hawaii for the purpose of providing effective, efficient, and high quality civil legal services to the LSC-eligible migrant population in the state of Hawaii. The Corporation plans to award a grant in the amount of \$38,748.

This grant is being made pursuant to authority conferred by Section 1006(a)(1)(B) and 1006(a)(3)of the LSC Act of 1974, as amended.

This public notice is issued pursuant to Section 1007(f) of the LSC Act, with a request for comments and recommendations within a period of thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this notice. This grant award will not become effective, and grant funds will not be distributed prior to the expiration of this 30-day public comment period.

DATES: All comments and recommendations must be received by 5:00 p.m. on or before August 21, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be sent to the Office of Program Services, Legal Services Corporation, 750 First Street N.E., 11th Floor, Washington, DC 20002–4250.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Merceria L. Ludgood, Director, Office of Program Services, (202) 336–8800.

Date Issued: July 17, 1995.

Merceria L. Ludgood,

Director, Office of Program Services.
[FR Doc. 95–18033 Filed 7–20–95; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7050–01–P

Grant Award for Legal Services State Support in the District of Columbia, the Virgin Islands, the Territory of Guam, and the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, The Republic of Palau, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

AGENCY: Legal Services Corporation. **ACTION:** Announcement of intent to award grants.

SUMMARY: The Legal Services Corporation (LSC or Corporation) hereby announces its intention to award four (4) annualized grants for the purpose of providing state support functions in its respective service area. The Corporation plans to award a total of \$96,132 to the following LSC recipients:

Name	State/territory	Amount
Neighborhood Legal Services Program of the District of Columbia Legal Services of the Virgin Islands, Inc. Guam Legal Services Corporation Micronesian Legal Services Corporation	DC VI GU MP	\$46,932 13,005 5,079 31,116

These grants are being made pursuant to authority conferred by Section 1006(a)(1)(B) and 1006(a)(3) of the LSC Act of 1974, as amended.

This public notice is issued pursuant to Section 1007(f) of the LSC Act, with a request for comments and recommendations within a period of thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this notice. These grant awards will not become effective, and grant funds will not be distributed, prior to the expiration of this 30 day public comment period.

DATES: All comments and recommendations must be received by 5:00 p.m. on or before August 12, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be sent to the Office of Program Services, Legal Services Corporation, 750 First Street N.E., 11th Floor, Washington, DC 20002–4250.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Margaria I. Ludgaed Director Office

Merceria L. Ludgood, Director, Office of Program Services, (202) 336–8800.

Date Issued: July 17, 1995.

Merceria L. Ludgood,

Director, Office of Program Services.
[FR Doc. 95–18032 Filed 7–20–95; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7050–01–P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-298]

In the Matter of: Nebraska Public Power District (Cooper Nuclear Station); Exemption

T

Nebraska Public Power District (the licensee) is the holder of Facility Operating License No. DPR-46, which authorizes operation of the Cooper Nuclear Station (CNS) at power levels not in excess of 2381 megawatts thermal. The facility consists of a boiling water reactor at the licensee's site in Nemaha County, Nebraska. The operating license provides, among other things, that CNS is subject to all rules, regulations, and orders of the Commission now or hereafter in effect.

II

Section 50.54(o) of 10 CFR Part 50 requires that primary reactor containments for water-cooled power reactors be subject to the requirements of Appendix J to 10 CFR Part 50. Appendix J contains the leakage test requirements, schedules and acceptance criteria for tests of the leak tight integrity of the primary reactor containment and systems and components which penetrate the containment.

Section III.D.2(a) of Appendix J to 10 CFR Part 50 requires that Type B leak

rate tests, except for airlocks, be performed during reactor shutdown for refueling, or at other convenient intervals, but in no case at intervals greater than two years. Type B tests are intended to detect local leaks and to measure leakage across each pressure-containing or leakage-limiting boundary for certain reactor containment penetrations.

NRC regulations in 10 CFR 50.12(a) provide for specific exemptions from the requirements of the regulations in Part 50 if: (1) the exemption is authorized by law, will not present an undue risk to the public health and safety, and is consistent with the common defense and security; and, (2) special circumstances are present. The regulations in 10 CFR 50.12(a)(2)(ii) provide that special circumstances are present where application of the regulation in the particular circumstances would not serve the underlying purpose of the rule or is not necessary to achieve the underlying purpose of the rule.

III

By letter dated December 27, 1994, the licensee requested a one-time exemption from the requirements of Appendix J, Section III.D.2(a) of the drywell head and manport penetrations. The requested exemption for an extension of the 2-year surveillance interval would allow these penetrations to be tested at the next refueling outage,

scheduled to commence on October 13, 1995. The current 2-year interval ends on July 17, 1995, when the plant is expected to be at power. The current operating cycle for the CNS commenced on August 1, 1993, and has included an extended, unplanned outage of nearly nine months (May 25, 1994, through February 21, 1995). This factor, along with the anticipated load demand and fuel capacity, have resulted in the rescheduling of the next refueling outage to October 1995.

During the unplanned outage, the licensee evaluated the schedule for performing the required Type B and C local leak rate tests (LLRTs) to ensure that all of these tests would be performed within the Technical Specification and 10 CFR part 50, Appendix J 2-year maximum surveillance interval. As a result of this evaluation, the licensee determined that only two LLRTs would come due when anticipated plant conditions could prohibit performance of the test. These are the Type B LLRTs required for both the drywell head and manport (penetrations DWH and X-4 respectively), which are currently due July 17, 1995. During reactor power operation, the extreme radiation environment prohibits personnel from performing the subject LLRTs or any of the activities (removal and replacement of the shield blocks on the refueling floor) associated with these tests. The subject LLRTs are normally performed during refueling outages. Therefore, the licensee would have to initiate a reactor shutdown solely for the purpose of conducting the subject Type B tests in order to comply with the current schedular requirement.

The licensee provided additional information to support the requested exemption and to address the requirements of 10 CFR 50.12, "Specific Exemptions." With respect to the requirements of 10 CFR 50.12(a)(1), the licensee states that the exemption will not present an undue risk to the public health and safety based on the following reasons:

The drywell head and manport (X–4) have never failed an as found LLRT.

The drywell head seal is made from a 45 \pm 5 durometer silicone rubber compound. Environmental conditions such as heat and radiation cause degradation in silicone compounds. It is reasonable to conclude that less degradation can be expected due to the extended shutdown and subsequent lower temperature and radiation levels experienced by the seals.

The drywell head and manport penetrations are not active components, and therefore, are not subject to active failure criteria.

With respect to the requirements of 10 CFR 50.12(a)(2)(ii), the licensee states that application of the regulation in this particular circumstance is not necessary to achieve the underlying purpose of the rule. The licensee indicates that the rule states that testing be conducted during reactor shutdown for refueling or other convenient intervals. The extend forced outage was not a convenient interval for performing the two Type B tests, as it was not a scheduled refueling outage and the significant effort in preparing for and performing the tests normally done in concert with other refueling activities was not planned for. The licensee also states that the intent of the regulation is to assure performance of LLRTs after every two years of full power operation, and that, due to the extended forced outage, CNS will not have operated at full power for two years between the performance of the LLRTs. Therefore, the licensee maintains that the time extension for performing the tests does not conflict with the intent of the regulation.

The NRC staff has evaluated the licensee's exemption request and has determined that the licensee has provided adequate technical justification for the requested exemption and has demonstrated that special circumstances exist, in accordance with 10 CFR 50.12(a)(2). Specifically, the two subject penetrations have never failed their Type B tests since CNS commenced commercial operation in 1974; therefore there is a high degree of confidence in the leak tight integrity of those penetrations. Based on the licensee's schedule, the requested exemption would allow continued power operation without leak testing the penetrations for less than three months until the plant is shut down for refueling; in the cold shutdown condition, primary containment integrity is not required. The subject tests would then be performed prior to startup from the refueling outage. Based on the test history of these penetrations and the brief period of operation anticipated before shutdown, the staff concludes that the exemption request is justified.

In addition, the staff concludes that the licensee has demonstrated that special circumstances exist in accordance with 10 CFR 50.12(a)(2)(ii). Application of the regulation is not necessary to achieve the underlying purpose of the rule. The underlying purpose of conducting Type B tests is to detect local leaks and to measure leakage across each pressure-containing or leakage-limiting boundary for certain reactor containment penetrations. Type B tests on the subject penetrations will

be performed in successive refueling outages not significantly beyond the 2year interval and a convenient opportunity to conduct the testing was not otherwise available.

IV

Accordingly, the Commission has determined that pursuant to 10 CFR 50.12(a), the exemption is authorized by law and will not endanger life or property or the common defense and security, and is otherwise in the public interest and that the special circumstances required by 10 CFR 50.12(a)(2) are present. An exemption is hereby granted from the requirement of Section III.D.2(a) of Appendix J to 10 CFR Part 50, which requires that Type B tests be performed during each reactor shutdown for refueling but in no case at intervals greater than two years, for the drywell head and manport (penetrations DWH and X–4 respectively) at the CNS. The exemption allows a one-time extension for the Type B testing of these penetrations from July 17, 1995, until the next refueling outage, scheduled to commence on October 13, 1995.

Pursuant to 10 CFR 51.32, the Commission has determined that the granting of this exemption will have no significant effect on the quality of the human environment (60 FR 36312). This exemption is effective upon issuance.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 17th day of July 1995.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. **Jack W. Roe**,

Director, Division of Reactor Projects III/IV, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation. [FR Doc. 95–17996 Filed 7–20–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7590–01–M

[Docket No. STN 50-456]

In the Matter: Commonwealth Edison Company (Braidwood Station, Unit 1); Exemption

I

Commonwealth Edison Company (ComEd, the licensee) is the holder of Facility operating License No. NPF–72, which authorizes operation of Braidwood Station, Unit 1. The facility is a pressurized water reactor located at the licensee's site in Will County, Illinois. The license provides, among other things, that the licensee is subject to all rules, regulations, and orders of the Commission now or hereafter in effect.

II

In 10 CFR 50.60, "Acceptance Criteria for Fracture Prevention Measures for Light-Water Nuclear Power Reactors for